

10/30 homework

$$1.(1) \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{[(x + \Delta x)^3 + 2(x + \Delta x)] - (x^3 + 2x)}{\Delta x} = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{3x^2 \Delta x + 3x(\Delta x)^2 + (\Delta x)^3 + 2\Delta x}{\Delta x}$$

$$= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} 3x^2 + 3x\Delta x + (\Delta x)^2 + 2 = 3x^2 + 2$$

$$1.(2) \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{x + \Delta x}{x} - \frac{x}{x}}{\Delta x} = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{x + \Delta x} - \frac{1}{x}}{\Delta x} = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-\Delta x}{\Delta x(x + \Delta x)(x - 1)}$$

$$= - \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{(x + \Delta x - 1)(x - 1)} = - \frac{1}{(x - 1)^2}$$

$$2.(2) \text{lemma : } \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\arctan x}{x} = 1,$$

$$\text{proof : } \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\arctan x}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x}{\tan x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x \cos x}{\sin x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x}{\sin x} \cdot \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \cos x = 1$$

$$\lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\arctan(x + \Delta x) - \arctan x}{\Delta x} = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{x + \Delta x - x}{1 + (x + \Delta x)x}\right)}{\Delta x} = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\Delta x}{1 + (x + \Delta x)x}\right)}{\Delta x}$$

$$= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\Delta x}{1 + (x + \Delta x)x}\right)}{\frac{\Delta x}{1 + (x + \Delta x)x}} \cdot \frac{\Delta x}{\Delta x} = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{1 + (x + \Delta x)x} = \frac{1}{1 + x^2}$$

$$2.(3) \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\arcsin(x + \Delta x) - \arcsin x}{\Delta x} = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x + \Delta x)\sqrt{1 - x^2} - x\sqrt{1 - (x + \Delta x)^2}}{\Delta x}$$

$$= \sqrt{1 - x^2} \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x + \Delta x) - x\sqrt{\frac{1 - (x + \Delta x)^2}{1 - x^2}}}{\Delta x} = \sqrt{1 - x^2} \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x + \Delta x) - x\sqrt{1 - \frac{2x\Delta x + (\Delta x)^2}{1 - x^2}}}{\Delta x}$$

$$= \sqrt{1 - x^2} \left[1 + \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x - x\sqrt{1 - \frac{2x\Delta x + (\Delta x)^2}{1 - x^2}}}{\Delta x} \right] = \sqrt{1 - x^2} \left[1 + x \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{2x\Delta x + (\Delta x)^2}{1 - x^2}}}{\Delta x} \right]$$

$$= \sqrt{1 - x^2} \left[1 + x \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \left(1 - \frac{2x\Delta x + (\Delta x)^2}{1 - x^2}\right)}{\Delta x \left(1 + \sqrt{1 - \frac{2x\Delta x + (\Delta x)^2}{1 - x^2}}\right)} \right] = \sqrt{1 - x^2} \left[1 + x \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{2x\Delta x + (\Delta x)^2}{1 - x^2}}{\Delta x \left(1 + \sqrt{1 - \frac{2x\Delta x + (\Delta x)^2}{1 - x^2}}\right)} \right]$$

$$= \sqrt{1 - x^2} \left[1 + x \frac{\lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2x + \Delta x}{1 - x^2}}{\lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \left(1 + \sqrt{1 - \frac{2x\Delta x + (\Delta x)^2}{1 - x^2}}\right)} \right] = \sqrt{1 - x^2} \left(1 + \frac{x^2}{1 - x^2} \right) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}}$$

$$3.(2) f(x) = e^x \sin(x - 1)$$

$$f'(1) = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(1 + \Delta x) - f(1)}{\Delta x} = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(1 + \Delta x)}{\Delta x} = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{1 + \Delta x} \sin(\Delta x)}{\Delta x} = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} e^{1 + \Delta x} \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(\Delta x)}{\Delta x} = e$$

$$3.(3) f(x) = x^2 + \arccos \sqrt[3]{1 - x^2} \ln x$$

$$f'(1) = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(1 + \Delta x) - f(1)}{\Delta x} = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(1 + \Delta x)^2 + \arccos \sqrt[3]{1 - (1 + \Delta x)^2} \ln(1 + \Delta x) - 1}{\Delta x}$$

$$= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2\Delta x + (\Delta x)^2 + \arccos \sqrt[3]{-2\Delta x - (\Delta x)^2} \ln(1 + \Delta x)}{\Delta x} = 2 + \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \arccos \sqrt[3]{-2\Delta x - (\Delta x)^2} \cdot \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln(1 + \Delta x)}{\Delta x}$$

$$= 2 + \arccos 0 = 2 + \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$4.(2) f(x) = \begin{cases} 2^{-\frac{1}{x}}, & x > 0 \\ 0, & x \leq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} f'(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{f(\Delta x) - f(0)}{\Delta x} = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{2^{-\frac{1}{\Delta x}} - 1}{\Delta x} \stackrel{y = -\frac{1}{\Delta x} \rightarrow -\infty}{=} \lim_{y \rightarrow -\infty} (-y) 2^y = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} f'(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{f(\Delta x) - f(0)}{\Delta x} = 0 = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} f'(x)$$

$\Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f'(x)$ exists

$$f'(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f'(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f'(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f'(x) = 0$$

$$4.(3) f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2, & x \in \mathbb{Q} \\ 0, & x \notin \mathbb{Q} \end{cases}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0 \wedge x \in \mathbb{Q}} f'(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0 \wedge \Delta x \in \mathbb{Q}} \frac{f(\Delta x) - f(0)}{\Delta x} = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0 \wedge \Delta x \in \mathbb{Q}} \Delta x = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0 \wedge x \notin \mathbb{Q}} f'(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0 \wedge \Delta x \notin \mathbb{Q}} \frac{f(\Delta x) - f(0)}{\Delta x} = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0 \wedge \Delta x \notin \mathbb{Q}} 0 = 0 = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0 \wedge x \in \mathbb{Q}} f'(x)$$

$\Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f'(x)$ exists.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f'(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0 \wedge x \in \mathbb{Q}} f'(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0 \wedge x \notin \mathbb{Q}} f'(x) = 0$$

$$6.(1) y = 2x^3 + 3x^2 + 6x$$

$$\begin{aligned} y' &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(2(x + \Delta x)^3 + 3(x + \Delta x)^2 + 6(x + \Delta x)) - (2x^3 + 3x^2 + 6x)}{\Delta x} \\ &= 2 \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x + \Delta x)^3 - x^3}{\Delta x} + 3 \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x + \Delta x)^2 - x^2}{\Delta x} + 6 \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x + \Delta x) - x}{\Delta x} \\ &= 2 \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{3x^2 \Delta x + 3x(\Delta x)^2 + (\Delta x)^3}{\Delta x} + 3 \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2x \Delta x + (\Delta x)^2}{\Delta x} + 6 \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x + \Delta x) - x}{\Delta x} \\ &= 6x^2 + 6x + 6 \end{aligned}$$

$$6.(4) y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt[6]{x}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} y' &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x + \Delta x}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x + \Delta x}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt[6]{x + \Delta x}} \right) - \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt[6]{x}} \right)}{\Delta x} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{x + \Delta x}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}}{\Delta x} + \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x + \Delta x}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{\Delta x} + \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt[6]{x + \Delta x}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt[6]{x}}}{\Delta x} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{x + \Delta x}}{\Delta x \sqrt{x + \Delta x} \sqrt{x}} + \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt[3]{x} - \sqrt[3]{x + \Delta x}}{\Delta x \sqrt[3]{x + \Delta x} \sqrt[3]{x}} + \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt[6]{x} - \sqrt[6]{x + \Delta x}}{\Delta x \sqrt[6]{x + \Delta x} \sqrt[6]{x}} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-\Delta x}{\Delta x \sqrt{x + \Delta x} \sqrt{x} (\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{x + \Delta x})} + \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-\Delta x}{\Delta x \sqrt[3]{x + \Delta x} \sqrt[3]{x} (\sqrt[3]{x^2} + \sqrt[3]{x(x + \Delta x)} + \sqrt[3]{(x + \Delta x)^2})} \\ &+ \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-\Delta x}{\Delta x \sqrt[6]{x + \Delta x} \sqrt[6]{x} (\sqrt[6]{x^5} + \sqrt[6]{x^4(x + \Delta x)} + \sqrt[6]{x^3(x + \Delta x)^2} + \sqrt[6]{x^2(x + \Delta x)^3} + \sqrt[6]{x(x + \Delta x)^4} + \sqrt[6]{(x + \Delta x)^5})} \\ &= -\lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x + \Delta x} \sqrt{x} (\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{x + \Delta x})} - \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x + \Delta x} \sqrt[3]{x} (\sqrt[3]{x^2} + \sqrt[3]{x(x + \Delta x)} + \sqrt[3]{(x + \Delta x)^2})} \\ &- \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{\sqrt[6]{x + \Delta x} \sqrt[6]{x} (\sqrt[6]{x^5} + \sqrt[6]{x^4(x + \Delta x)} + \sqrt[6]{x^3(x + \Delta x)^2} + \sqrt[6]{x^2(x + \Delta x)^3} + \sqrt[6]{x(x + \Delta x)^4} + \sqrt[6]{(x + \Delta x)^5})} \\ &= -\frac{1}{\lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \sqrt{x + \Delta x} \sqrt{x} (\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{x + \Delta x})} - \frac{1}{\lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \sqrt[3]{x + \Delta x} \sqrt[3]{x} (\sqrt[3]{x^2} + \sqrt[3]{x(x + \Delta x)} + \sqrt[3]{(x + \Delta x)^2})} \\ &- \frac{1}{\lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \sqrt[6]{x + \Delta x} \sqrt[6]{x} (\sqrt[6]{x^5} + \sqrt[6]{x^4(x + \Delta x)} + \sqrt[6]{x^3(x + \Delta x)^2} + \sqrt[6]{x^2(x + \Delta x)^3} + \sqrt[6]{x(x + \Delta x)^4} + \sqrt[6]{(x + \Delta x)^5})} \\ &= -\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x^3}} - \frac{1}{3\sqrt[3]{x^4}} - \frac{1}{6\sqrt[6]{x^7}} = -\frac{1}{2}x^{-\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{1}{3}x^{-\frac{4}{3}} - \frac{1}{6}x^{-\frac{7}{6}} \end{aligned}$$

$$6.(5) y = x^2 \sin x + x \cos x$$

$$\begin{aligned} y' &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\left((x + \Delta x)^2 \sin(x + \Delta x) + (x + \Delta x) \cos(x + \Delta x) \right) - (x^2 \sin x + x \cos x)}{\Delta x} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x + \Delta x)^2 \sin(x + \Delta x) - x^2 \sin x}{\Delta x} + \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x + \Delta x) \cos(x + \Delta x) - x \cos x}{\Delta x} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2 (\sin(x + \Delta x) - \sin x) + 2x \Delta x \sin(x + \Delta x) + (\Delta x)^2 \sin(x + \Delta x)}{\Delta x} + \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x (\cos(x + \Delta x) - \cos x) - \Delta x \cos(x + \Delta x)}{\Delta x} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2x^2 \cos\left(x + \frac{\Delta x}{2}\right) \sin \frac{\Delta x}{2} + 2x \Delta x \sin(x + \Delta x) + (\Delta x)^2 \sin(x + \Delta x)}{\Delta x} + \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2x \sin\left(x + \frac{\Delta x}{2}\right) \sin \frac{\Delta x}{2} - \Delta x \cos(x + \Delta x)}{\Delta x} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \left[x^2 \cos\left(x + \frac{\Delta x}{2}\right) + 2x \sin(x + \Delta x) + \Delta x \sin(x + \Delta x) \right] + \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \left[x \sin\left(x + \frac{\Delta x}{2}\right) - \cos(x + \Delta x) \right] \\ &= x^2 \cos x + 2x \sin x + x \sin x - \cos x = x^2 \cos x + 3x \sin x - \cos x \end{aligned}$$

$$6.(6) y = (x^3 + x^2 - x) \ln x$$

$$\begin{aligned} y' &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\left((x + \Delta x)^3 + (x + \Delta x)^2 - (x + \Delta x) \right) - (x^3 + x^2 - x)}{\Delta x} \ln x + (x^3 + x^2 - x) \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln(x + \Delta x) - \ln x}{\Delta x} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{3x^2 \Delta x + 3x(\Delta x)^2 + (\Delta x)^3 + 2x \Delta x + (\Delta x)^2 - \Delta x}{\Delta x} \ln x + (x^3 + x^2 - x) \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln\left(1 + \frac{\Delta x}{x}\right)}{\Delta x} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \left(3x^2 + 3x \Delta x + (\Delta x)^2 + 2x + \Delta x - 1 \right) \ln x + (x^3 + x^2 - x) \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln\left(1 + \frac{\Delta x}{x}\right)}{\frac{\Delta x}{x}} \frac{1}{x} \\ &= (3x^2 + 2x - 1) \ln x + (x^3 + x^2 - x) \frac{1}{x} = (3x^2 + 2x - 1) \ln x + x^2 + x - 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$6.(9) y = x^3 \log_2 x + x^2 \log_3 x = \frac{x^3 \ln x}{\ln 2} + \frac{x^2 \ln x}{\ln 3} = \left(\frac{x^3}{\ln 2} + \frac{x^2}{\ln 3} \right) \ln x$$

$$\begin{aligned} y' &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\left(\frac{(x + \Delta x)^3}{\ln 2} + \frac{(x + \Delta x)^2}{\ln 3} \right) - \left(\frac{x^3}{\ln 2} + \frac{x^2}{\ln 3} \right)}{\Delta x} \ln x + \left(\frac{x^3}{\ln 2} + \frac{x^2}{\ln 3} \right) \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln\left(1 + \frac{\Delta x}{x}\right)}{\Delta x} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{3x^2 \Delta x + 3x(\Delta x)^2 + (\Delta x)^3}{\ln 2} + \frac{2x \Delta x + (\Delta x)^2}{\ln 3}}{\Delta x} \ln x + \left(\frac{x^3}{\ln 2} + \frac{x^2}{\ln 3} \right) \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln\left(1 + \frac{\Delta x}{x}\right)}{\Delta x} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{3x^2 + 3x \Delta x + (\Delta x)^2}{\ln 2} + \frac{2x + \Delta x}{\ln 3} \right) \ln x + \left(\frac{x^3}{\ln 2} + \frac{x^2}{\ln 3} \right) \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln\left(1 + \frac{\Delta x}{x}\right)}{\frac{\Delta x}{x}} \frac{1}{x} \\ &= \left(\frac{3x^2}{\ln 2} + \frac{2x}{\ln 3} \right) \ln x + \left(\frac{x^3}{\ln 2} + \frac{x^2}{\ln 3} \right) \frac{1}{x} = \left(\frac{3x^2}{\ln 2} + \frac{2x}{\ln 3} \right) \ln x + \frac{x^2}{\ln 2} + \frac{x}{\ln 3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
6.(12) y &= \frac{\sin x - x \cos x}{\cos x + x \sin x} \\
y' &= \frac{\lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(\sin(x + \Delta x) - (x + \Delta x)\cos(x + \Delta x)) - (\sin x - x \cos x)}{\Delta x} (\cos x + x \sin x)}{(\cos x + x \sin x)^2} \\
&= \frac{(\sin x - x \cos x) \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(\cos(x + \Delta x) + (x + \Delta x)\sin(x + \Delta x)) - (\cos x + x \sin x)}{\Delta x}}{(\cos x + x \sin x)^2} \\
&= \frac{\lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(\sin(x + \Delta x) - \sin x) - (x(\cos(x + \Delta x) - \cos x) + \Delta x \cos(x + \Delta x))}{\Delta x} (\cos x + x \sin x)}{(\cos x + x \sin x)^2} \\
&= \frac{(\sin x - x \cos x) \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(\cos(x + \Delta x) - \cos x) + (\Delta x \sin(x + \Delta x) + x(\sin(x + \Delta x) - \sin x))}{\Delta x}}{(\cos x + x \sin x)^2} \\
&= \frac{\lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2 \cos\left(x + \frac{\Delta x}{2}\right) \sin \frac{\Delta x}{2} - \left(-2x \sin\left(x + \frac{\Delta x}{2}\right) \sin \frac{\Delta x}{2} + \Delta x \cos(x + \Delta x)\right)}{\Delta x} (\cos x + x \sin x)}{(\cos x + x \sin x)^2} \\
&= \frac{(\sin x - x \cos x) \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-2 \sin\left(x + \frac{\Delta x}{2}\right) \sin \frac{\Delta x}{2} + \left(\Delta x \sin(x + \Delta x) + 2x \cos\left(x + \frac{\Delta x}{2}\right) \sin \frac{\Delta x}{2}\right)}{\Delta x}}{(\cos x + x \sin x)^2} \\
&= \frac{\lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \left[\cos\left(x + \frac{\Delta x}{2}\right) + x \sin\left(x + \frac{\Delta x}{2}\right) - \cos(x + \Delta x) \right] (\cos x + x \sin x)}{(\cos x + x \sin x)^2} \\
&= \frac{(\sin x - x \cos x) \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \left[-\sin\left(x + \frac{\Delta x}{2}\right) + \sin(x + \Delta x) + x \cos\left(x + \frac{\Delta x}{2}\right) \right]}{(\cos x + x \sin x)^2} \\
&= \frac{x \sin x (\cos x + x \sin x)}{(\cos x + x \sin x)^2} - \frac{(\sin x - x \cos x) x \cos x}{(\cos x + x \sin x)^2} \\
&= \frac{x \sin x (\cos x + x \sin x) - (\sin x - x \cos x) x \cos x}{(\cos x + x \sin x)^2} \\
&= \frac{x^2}{(\cos x + x \sin x)^2}
\end{aligned}$$

$$7.(4) y = \sin x$$

$$y' = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(x + \Delta x) - \sin x}{\Delta x} = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2 \sin \frac{\Delta x}{2} \cos\left(x + \frac{\Delta x}{2}\right)}{\Delta x} = \cos x$$

$$(x_0, f(x_0)) \text{ 处切线方向: } (1, y') \text{ 切线方程: } y'(x - x_0) - (y - \sin x_0) = 0, \text{ 即 } \cos x_0(x - x_0) - (y - \sin x_0) = 0$$

$$(x_0, f(x_0)) \text{ 处切线方向: } (y', -1) \text{ 切线方程: } (x - x_0) + y'(y - \sin x_0) = 0, \text{ 即 } (x - x_0) + \cos x_0(y - \sin x_0) = 0$$

$$13.(1) f(x) = \begin{cases} x^3, & x < 0 \\ x^2, & 0 \leq x \leq 2 \\ \frac{1}{2}x^3 - 2x + 4, & x > 2 \end{cases}$$

$$x < 0 \text{ 时, } f'(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x + \Delta x)^3 - x^3}{\Delta x} = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{3x^2\Delta x + 3x(\Delta x)^2 + (\Delta x)^3}{\Delta x} = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} 3x^2 + 3x\Delta x + (\Delta x)^2 = 3x^2$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} f'(x) = 0$$

$$0 \leq x \leq 2 \text{ 时, } f'(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x + \Delta x)^2 - x^2}{\Delta x} = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2x\Delta x + (\Delta x)^2}{\Delta x} = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} 2x + \Delta x = 2x$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} f'(x) = 0 = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} f'(x) \Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f'(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} f'(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} f'(x) = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} f'(x) = 4$$

$$x > 2 \text{ 时, } f'(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}(x + \Delta x)^3 - 2(x + \Delta x) + 4\right) - \left(\frac{1}{2}x^3 - 2x + 4\right)}{\Delta x}$$

$$= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{2}(3x^2\Delta x + 3x(\Delta x)^2 + (\Delta x)^3) - 2\Delta x}{\Delta x} = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{2}(3x^2 + 3x\Delta x + (\Delta x)^2) - 2 = \frac{3}{2}x^2 - 2$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} f'(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \frac{3}{2}x^2 - 2 = 4 = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} f'(x) \Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f'(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} f'(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} f'(x) = 4$$

$$\text{故 } f'(x) = \begin{cases} 3x^2, & x < 0 \\ 2x, & 0 \leq x \leq 2 \\ \frac{3}{2}x^2 - 2, & x > 2 \end{cases}$$

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$$1.(2) y = 2^{\sin^2 x}$$

$$y' = 2^{\sin^2 x} \cdot \ln 2 \cdot 2 \sin x \cos x = 2^{\sin^2 x + 1} \sin(2x) \ln 2$$

$$1.(4) y = \log_3^2(x^3 + 2x + 1)$$

$$y' = 2 \log_3(x^3 + 2x + 1) \cdot \frac{1}{\ln 3} \frac{1}{x^3 + 2x + 1} (3x^2 + 2)$$

$$1.(6) y = \arctan \frac{x^2}{a} + \operatorname{arccot} \frac{a}{x^2}$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{x^4}{a^2}} \frac{2x}{a} - \frac{1}{1 + \frac{a^2}{x^4}} \left(-\frac{2a}{x^3}\right) = \frac{2a}{a + \frac{x^4}{a}} + \frac{2a}{x^3 + \frac{a^2}{x}}$$

$$1.(13) y = \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x}}}$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x + \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x}}}} \left(x + \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x}}\right)' = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x + \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x}}}} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x + \sqrt{x}}} (x + \sqrt{x})'\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x + \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x}}}} \left(1 + \frac{1 + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}}{2\sqrt{x + \sqrt{x}}}\right) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x + \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x}}}} \left(1 + \frac{\frac{2\sqrt{x} + 1}{2\sqrt{x}}}{2\sqrt{x + \sqrt{x}}}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x + \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x}}}} \left(1 + \frac{2\sqrt{x} + 1}{4\sqrt{x + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{x}}\right) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x + \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x}}}} \frac{4\sqrt{x + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{x} + 2\sqrt{x} + 1}{4\sqrt{x + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{x}}$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{x + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{x} + 2\sqrt{x} + 1}{8\sqrt{x + \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x}}} \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{x}}$$

$$1.(19) y = \ln(\sqrt{a^2+x^2} + \sqrt{a^2-x^2})$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2+x^2} + \sqrt{a^2-x^2}} (\sqrt{a^2+x^2} + \sqrt{a^2-x^2})' = \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2+x^2} + \sqrt{a^2-x^2}} \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{a^2+x^2}} - \frac{x}{\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{x(\sqrt{a^2-x^2} - \sqrt{a^2+x^2})}{(\sqrt{a^2+x^2} + \sqrt{a^2-x^2})\sqrt{a^2+x^2}\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} = \frac{-2x^3}{(\sqrt{a^2+x^2} + \sqrt{a^2-x^2})^2 \sqrt{a^2+x^2}\sqrt{a^2-x^2}}$$

$$1.(21) y = \arctan \frac{x^2-1}{x^2+1}$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{1 + \left(\frac{x^2-1}{x^2+1}\right)^2} \left(\frac{x^2-1}{x^2+1}\right)' = \frac{1}{1 + \left(\frac{x^2-1}{x^2+1}\right)^2} \left(1 - \frac{2}{x^2+1}\right) = \frac{1}{1 + \left(\frac{x^2-1}{x^2+1}\right)^2} \frac{4x}{(x^2+1)^2}$$

$$= \frac{4x}{(x^2+1)^2 + (x^2-1)^2} = \frac{2x}{x^4+1}$$

$$1.(24) y = \arctan(x + \sqrt{1+x^2})$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{1 + (x + \sqrt{1+x^2})^2} (x + \sqrt{1+x^2})' = \frac{1}{1 + (x + \sqrt{1+x^2})^2} \left(1 + \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x^2}}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + (x + \sqrt{1+x^2})^2} \frac{x + \sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} = \frac{x + \sqrt{1+x^2}}{\sqrt{1+x^2} + \sqrt{1+x^2} (x + \sqrt{1+x^2})^2}$$

$$1.(27) y = x \arctan x - \frac{1}{2} \ln(1+x^2) - \frac{1}{2} (\arctan x)^2$$

$$y' = \arctan x + \frac{x}{1+x^2} - \frac{x}{1+x^2} - \frac{\arctan x}{1+x^2} = \frac{x^2 \arctan x}{1+x^2}$$

$$2.(2) y = \frac{1}{2} \arctan \sqrt[4]{1+x^4} - \frac{1}{4} \ln \frac{\sqrt[4]{1+x^4} - 1}{\sqrt[4]{1+x^4} + 1}$$

$$\sqrt[4]{1+x^4} \triangleq t$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{d\left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan t - \frac{1}{4} \ln \frac{t-1}{t+1}\right)}{dt} \frac{dt}{dx} = \left(\frac{1}{2\left(1+(1+x^4)^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)} - \frac{1}{4\left((1+x^4)^{\frac{1}{2}}-1\right)} \right) \frac{1}{4(1+x^4)^{\frac{3}{4}}}$$

$$2.(4) y = \frac{e^{-x^2} \arcsin e^{-x^2}}{\sqrt{1-e^{-2x^2}}} + \frac{1}{2} \ln(1-e^{-2x^2})$$

$$e^{-x^2} \triangleq t, \text{ obviously, } t \in (0,1)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{d\left(\frac{t \arcsin t}{\sqrt{1-t^2}} + \frac{1}{2} \ln(1-t^2)\right)}{dt} \frac{dt}{dx}$$

$$t \triangleq \sin \alpha, \alpha = \arcsin t$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{d(\alpha \tan \alpha + \ln \cos \alpha)}{d\alpha} \frac{d\alpha}{dt} \frac{dt}{dx}$$

$$= \frac{d(\alpha \tan \alpha + \ln \cos \alpha)}{d\alpha} \frac{d\alpha}{dt} \frac{dt}{dx}$$

$$= (\tan \alpha + \alpha \sec^2 \alpha - \tan \alpha) \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-t^2}} e^{-x^2} (-2x)$$

$$= -\alpha \sec^2 \alpha \frac{2}{\sqrt{1-t^2}} e^{-x^2} x$$

$$= -\arcsin t \frac{2}{(1-t^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} e^{-x^2} x$$

$$= -\arcsin e^{-x^2} \frac{2}{(1-e^{-2x^2})^{\frac{3}{2}}} e^{-x^2} x$$

$$3.(1) \text{ let } f(x) = \sum_{k=0}^n x^k = \frac{1-x^{n+1}}{1-x}$$

$$f'(x) = \left(\sum_{k=0}^n x^k \right)' = \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} (k+1)x^k$$

$$f'(x) = \left(\frac{1-x^{n+1}}{1-x} \right)' = \frac{-(n+1)x^n(1-x) + (1-x^{n+1})}{(1-x)^2} = \frac{(n+1)x^n(x-1) + (1-x^{n+1})}{(1-x)^2} = \frac{nx^{n+1} - (n+1)x^n + 1}{(1-x)^2}$$

$$3.(3) \text{ let } f(x) = -\sum_{k=1}^n \cos kx$$

$$f'(x) = -\left(\sum_{k=1}^n \cos kx \right)' = \sum_{k=1}^n k \sin kx$$

$$f(x) = -\sum_{k=1}^n \cos kx = -\frac{\sum_{k=1}^n \sin \frac{x}{2} \cos kx}{\sin \frac{x}{2}} = -\frac{\sum_{k=1}^n \left(\sin \left(kx - \frac{x}{2} \right) - \sin \left(kx + \frac{x}{2} \right) \right)}{2 \sin \frac{x}{2}}$$

$$= \frac{\sin \left(nx + \frac{x}{2} \right) - \sin \frac{x}{2}}{2 \sin \frac{x}{2}} = \frac{\sin \left(nx + \frac{x}{2} \right)}{2 \sin \frac{x}{2}} - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$f'(x) = \left(\frac{\sin \left(nx + \frac{x}{2} \right)}{2 \sin \frac{x}{2}} - \frac{1}{2} \right)' = \frac{\left(n + \frac{1}{2} \right) \cos \left(n + \frac{1}{2} \right) x \sin \frac{x}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \sin \left(nx + \frac{x}{2} \right) \cos \frac{x}{2}}{2 \sin^2 \frac{x}{2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{k=1}^n k \sin kx = \frac{\left(n + \frac{1}{2} \right) \cos \left(n + \frac{1}{2} \right) x \sin \frac{x}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \sin \left(nx + \frac{x}{2} \right) \cos \frac{x}{2}}{2 \sin^2 \frac{x}{2}}$$

$$3.(5) \text{ let } f(x) = \sum_{k=1}^n \ln \cos \frac{x}{2^k}$$

$$f'(x) = \left(\sum_{k=1}^n \ln \cos \frac{x}{2^k} \right)' = -\sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{2^k} \tan \frac{x}{2^k}$$

$$f(x) = \sum_{k=1}^n \ln \cos \frac{x}{2^k} = \ln \left(\prod_{k=1}^n \cos \frac{x}{2^k} \right) = \ln \left(\frac{\sin \frac{x}{2^n} \prod_{k=1}^n \cos \frac{x}{2^k}}{\sin \frac{x}{2^n}} \right) = \ln \left(\frac{\sin \frac{x}{2^{n-1}} \prod_{k=1}^{n-1} \cos \frac{x}{2^k}}{2 \sin \frac{x}{2^n}} \right)$$

$$= \dots = \ln \left(\frac{\sin x}{2^n \sin \frac{x}{2^n}} \right) = \ln \sin x - \ln \sin \frac{x}{2^n} - n \ln 2$$

$$f'(x) = \left(\ln \sin x - \ln \sin \frac{x}{2^n} - n \ln 2 \right)' = \cot x - \frac{1}{2^n} \cot \frac{x}{2^n}$$

$$\Rightarrow -\sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{2^k} \tan \frac{x}{2^k} = \cot x - \frac{1}{2^n} \cot \frac{x}{2^n}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{2^k} \tan \frac{x}{2^k} = \frac{1}{2^n} \cot \frac{x}{2^n} - \cot x$$

$$7.(5) x^3 + y^3 - xy = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{d(x^3 + y^3(x) - xy(x))}{dx} = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{dx^3}{dx} + \frac{dy^3(x)}{dx} = \frac{dxy(x)}{dx} \Rightarrow 3x^2 + \frac{dy^3}{dy} \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{dx} + y \frac{dx}{dx} \Rightarrow 3x^2 + 3y^2 \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{dx} + y$$

$$\Rightarrow (3y^2 - 1) \frac{dy}{dx} = y - 3x^2 \Rightarrow y'(x) = \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y - 3x^2}{3y^2 - 1}$$

$$7.(6) \arctan \frac{y}{x} = \ln \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{d \arctan \frac{y}{x}}{dx} = \frac{d \ln \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}}{dx} \Rightarrow \frac{d \arctan \frac{y}{x} \frac{d \frac{y}{x}}{dx}}{\frac{d \frac{y}{x}}{dx}} = \frac{d \ln \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} \frac{d \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}}{d(x^2 + y^2)} d(x^2 + y^2)}{d \frac{y}{x}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{1 + \frac{y^2}{x^2}} \left(\frac{1}{x} \frac{dy}{dx} + y \frac{d\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)}{dx} \right) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} \left(2x + \frac{dy^2}{dy} \frac{dy}{dx} \right) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{1 + \frac{y^2}{x^2}} \left(\frac{1}{x} \frac{dy}{dx} - \frac{y}{x^2} \right) = \frac{1}{x^2 + y^2} \left(x + y \frac{dy}{dx} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{x^2}{x^2 + y^2} \left(x \frac{dy}{dx} - y \right) = \frac{1}{x^2 + y^2} \left(x + y \frac{dy}{dx} \right) \Rightarrow x^3 \frac{dy}{dx} - x^2 y = x + y \frac{dy}{dx} \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x + x^2 y}{x^3 - y}$$

$$8. \begin{cases} x = \frac{at^2}{1+t^2} \\ y = \frac{at^3}{1+t^2} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} \frac{dx}{dt} = \frac{d \frac{at^2}{1+t^2}}{dt} = \frac{2at(1+t^2) - 2at^3}{(1+t^2)^2} = \frac{2at}{(1+t^2)^2} \\ \frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{d \frac{at^3}{1+t^2}}{dt} = \frac{3at^2(1+t^2) - 2at^4}{(1+t^2)^2} = \frac{3at^2 + at^4}{(1+t^2)^2} \end{cases}$$

$$k = \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\frac{3at^2 + at^4}{(1+t^2)^2}}{\frac{2at}{(1+t^2)^2}} = \frac{3at^2 + at^4}{2at} = \frac{3}{2}t + \frac{1}{2}t^3$$

$$8.(4) \begin{cases} x = a \tan t \\ y = a \cos^2 t \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} \frac{dx}{dt} = \frac{da \tan t}{dt} = a \sec^2 t \\ \frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{da \cos^2 t}{dt} = -a \sin(2t) \end{cases}$$

$$k = \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-a \sin(2t)}{a \sec^2 t} = -2 \sin t \cos^3 t$$

$$8.(6) \begin{cases} x = a(\cos t + t \sin t) \\ y = a(\sin t - t \cos t) \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} \frac{dx}{dt} = \frac{da(\cos t + t \sin t)}{dt} = at \cos t \\ \frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{da(\sin t - t \cos t)}{dt} = at \sin t \end{cases}$$

$$k = \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{at \sin t}{at \cos t} = \tan t$$

$$9.(2)y = \frac{x^2}{2+x^2} \sqrt[3]{\frac{(1+x)^2}{2+x^2}}$$

$$\ln y = \ln \left(\frac{x^2}{2+x^2} \sqrt[3]{\frac{(1+x)^2}{2+x^2}} \right) = 2 \ln x + \frac{2}{3} \ln(1+x) - \frac{4}{3} \ln(2+x^2)$$

$$\frac{d \ln y}{dx} = \frac{d \left(2 \ln x + \frac{2}{3} \ln(1+x) - \frac{4}{3} \ln(2+x^2) \right)}{dx} = \frac{2}{x} + \frac{2}{3} \frac{1}{1+x} - \frac{4}{3} \frac{2x}{2+x^2}$$

$$\frac{d \ln y}{dx} = \frac{d \ln y}{dy} \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y'}{y}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{y'}{y} = \frac{2}{x} + \frac{2}{3} \frac{1}{1+x} - \frac{4}{3} \frac{2x}{2+x^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow y' = \left(\frac{2}{x} + \frac{2}{3} \frac{1}{1+x} - \frac{4}{3} \frac{2x}{2+x^2} \right) y = \left(\frac{2}{x} + \frac{2}{3} \frac{1}{1+x} - \frac{4}{3} \frac{2x}{2+x^2} \right) \frac{x^2}{2+x^2} \sqrt[3]{\frac{(1+x)^2}{2+x^2}}$$

$$9.(4)y = (1+x^2)^{\arctan x}$$

$$\ln y = \arctan x \cdot \ln(1+x^2)$$

$$\frac{d \ln y}{dx} = \frac{d(\arctan x \cdot \ln(1+x^2))}{dx} = \arctan x \cdot \frac{d(\ln(1+x^2))}{dx} + \frac{d(\arctan x)}{dx} \cdot \ln(1+x^2)$$

$$= \arctan x \cdot \frac{2x}{1+x^2} + \frac{\ln(1+x^2)}{1+x^2}$$

$$\frac{d \ln y}{dx} = \frac{d \ln y}{dy} \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y'}{y}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{y'}{y} = \frac{2x \arctan x + \ln(1+x^2)}{1+x^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow y' = \frac{2x \arctan x + \ln(1+x^2)}{1+x^2} y = \frac{2x \arctan x + \ln(1+x^2)}{1+x^2} (1+x^2)^{\arctan x}$$

$$9.(6) y = x^{a^x} + x^{x^a} + x^{x^x}$$

$$y_1 \triangleq x^{a^x}, y_2 \triangleq x^{x^a}, y_3 \triangleq x^{x^x}$$

$$y' = y_1' + y_2' + y_3'$$

$$\bullet \ln y_1 = \ln x^{a^x} = a^x \ln x$$

$$\ln \ln y_1 = x \ln a \ln \ln x$$

$$\frac{d \ln \ln y_1}{dx} = \frac{dx \ln a \ln \ln x}{dx} = \ln a \left(\ln \ln x + x \frac{d \ln \ln x}{dx} \right) = \ln a \left(\ln \ln x + x \frac{\ln \ln x}{d \ln x} \frac{d \ln x}{dx} \right)$$

$$= \ln a \left(\ln \ln x + x \frac{1}{\ln x} \frac{1}{x} \right) = \ln a \ln \ln x + \frac{\ln a}{\ln x}$$

$$\frac{d \ln \ln y_1}{dx} = \frac{d \ln \ln y_1}{d \ln y_1} \frac{d \ln y_1}{dy_1} \frac{dy_1}{dx} = \frac{1}{\ln y_1} \frac{1}{y_1} \frac{dy_1}{dx}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{\ln y_1} \frac{1}{y_1} \frac{dy_1}{dx} = \ln a \ln \ln x + \frac{\ln a}{\ln x}$$

$$\Rightarrow y_1' = \frac{dy_1}{dx} = \left(\ln a \ln \ln x + \frac{\ln a}{\ln x} \right) y_1 \ln y_1 = \left(\ln a \ln \ln x + \frac{\ln a}{\ln x} \right) x^{a^x} a^x \ln x$$

$$= (\ln a \cdot \ln x \cdot \ln \ln x + \ln a) x^{a^x} a^x$$

$$\bullet \ln y_2 = \ln x^{x^a} = x^a \ln x$$

$$\frac{d \ln y_2}{dx} = \frac{d(x^a \ln x)}{dx} = x^a \cdot \frac{d(\ln x)}{dx} + \frac{d(x^a)}{dx} \cdot \ln x = x^{a-1} + ax^{a-1} \cdot \ln x = x^{a-1}(1 + a \ln x)$$

$$\frac{d \ln y_2}{dx} = \frac{d \ln y_2}{dy_2} \frac{dy_2}{dx} = \frac{y_2'}{y_2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{y_2'}{y_2} = x^{a-1}(1 + a \ln x)$$

$$\Rightarrow y_2' = x^{a-1}(1 + a \ln x) y_2 = x^{a-1}(1 + a \ln x) x^{x^a} = (1 + a \ln x) x^{x^a + a - 1}$$

$$\bullet \ln y_3 = \ln x^{x^x} = x^x \ln x$$

$$\ln \ln y_3 = x \ln x \ln \ln x$$

$$\frac{d \ln \ln y_3}{dx} = \frac{dx \ln x \ln \ln x}{dx} = \frac{dx}{dx} \ln x \ln \ln x + \frac{d \ln x}{dx} x \ln \ln x + \frac{d \ln \ln x}{dx} x \ln x$$

$$= \ln x \ln \ln x + \ln \ln x + \frac{d \ln \ln x}{d \ln x} \frac{d \ln x}{dx} x \ln x = \ln x \ln \ln x + \ln \ln x + 1$$

$$\frac{d \ln \ln y_3}{dx} = \frac{d \ln \ln y_3}{d \ln y_3} \frac{d \ln y_3}{dy_3} \frac{dy_3}{dx} = \frac{1}{\ln y_3} \frac{1}{y_3} \frac{dy_3}{dx}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{\ln y_3} \frac{1}{y_3} \frac{dy_3}{dx} = \ln x \ln \ln x + \ln \ln x + 1$$

$$\Rightarrow y_3' = \frac{dy_3}{dx} = (\ln x \ln \ln x + \ln \ln x + 1) y_3 \ln y_3 = (\ln x \ln \ln x + \ln \ln x + 1) x^{x^x} x^x \ln x$$

$$= (\ln x \ln \ln x + \ln \ln x + 1) x^{x^x + x} \ln x$$

$$\bullet \text{Hence, } y' = y_1' + y_2' + y_3'$$

$$= (\ln a \cdot \ln x \cdot \ln \ln x + \ln a) x^{a^x} a^x + (1 + a \ln x) x^{x^a + a - 1} + (\ln x \ln \ln x + \ln \ln x + 1) x^{x^x + x} \ln x$$

$$9.(8) y = (\sin x)^{\cos x} (\cos x)^{\sin x}$$

$$\ln y = \ln \left((\sin x)^{\cos x} (\cos x)^{\sin x} \right) = \cos x \ln \sin x + \sin x \ln \cos x$$

$$\frac{y'}{y} = \frac{d \ln y}{dx} = \frac{d(\cos x \ln \sin x + \sin x \ln \cos x)}{dx} = \frac{d \cos x \ln \sin x}{dx} + \frac{d \sin x \ln \cos x}{dx}$$

$$= \cos x \frac{d \ln \sin x}{dx} + \frac{d \cos x}{dx} \ln \sin x + \sin x \frac{d \ln \cos x}{dx} + \frac{d \sin x}{dx} \ln \cos x$$

$$= \cos x \frac{d \ln \sin x}{d \sin x} \frac{d \sin x}{dx} + \frac{d \cos x}{dx} \ln \sin x + \sin x \frac{d \ln \cos x}{d \cos x} \frac{d \cos x}{dx} + \frac{d \sin x}{dx} \ln \cos x$$

$$= \cos x \frac{1}{\sin x} \cos x - \sin x \ln \sin x + \sin x \frac{1}{\cos x} (-\sin x) + \cos x \ln \cos x$$

$$= \frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin x} - \sin x \ln \sin x - \frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos x} + \cos x \ln \cos x = \frac{\cos^3 x - \sin^3 x}{\sin x \cos x} - \sin x \ln \sin x + \cos x \ln \cos x$$

$$= \frac{(\cos x - \sin x)(\cos^2 x + \cos x \sin x + \sin^2 x)}{\sin x \cos x} - \sin x \ln \sin x + \cos x \ln \cos x$$

$$= \frac{(\cos x - \sin x)(1 + \cos x \sin x)}{\sin x \cos x} - \sin x \ln \sin x + \cos x \ln \cos x$$

$$\Rightarrow y' = \left(\frac{(\cos x - \sin x)(1 + \cos x \sin x)}{\sin x \cos x} - \sin x \ln \sin x + \cos x \ln \cos x \right) y$$

$$= \left(\frac{(\cos x - \sin x)(1 + \cos x \sin x)}{\sin x \cos x} - \sin x \ln \sin x + \cos x \ln \cos x \right) (\sin x)^{\cos x} (\cos x)^{\sin x}$$

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$$1. \Delta f(1) = f(1 + \Delta x) - f(1) = \left((1 + \Delta x)^3 - 3(1 + \Delta x) + 2 \right) - (1^3 - 3 + 2)$$

$$= 1 + 3\Delta x + 3(\Delta x)^2 + (\Delta x)^3 - 3(1 + \Delta x) + 2 = 3(\Delta x)^2 + (\Delta x)^3$$

$$df(1) = \left(d(x^3 - 3x + 2) \right) \Big|_{x=1} = (3x^2 dx - 3dx) \Big|_{x=1} = 0$$

$$\Delta x = 0.1 \Rightarrow \Delta f(1) = \left(3(\Delta x)^2 + (\Delta x)^3 \right) \Big|_{\Delta x=0.1} = 0.031$$

$$\Delta x = 0.01 \Rightarrow \Delta f(1) = \left(3(\Delta x)^2 + (\Delta x)^3 \right) \Big|_{\Delta x=0.01} = 0.000301$$

$$2.(2)y = \arctan(x + \sqrt{1+x^2})$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} &= \frac{\Delta \arctan(x + \sqrt{1+x^2})}{\Delta x} = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\arctan(x + \Delta x + \sqrt{1+(x+\Delta x)^2}) - \arctan(x + \sqrt{1+x^2})}{\Delta x} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{(x + \Delta x + \sqrt{1+(x+\Delta x)^2}) - (x + \sqrt{1+x^2})}{1 + (x + \Delta x + \sqrt{1+(x+\Delta x)^2})(x + \sqrt{1+x^2})}\right)}{\Delta x} = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\Delta x + (\sqrt{1+(x+\Delta x)^2} - \sqrt{1+x^2})}{1 + (x + \Delta x + \sqrt{1+(x+\Delta x)^2})(x + \sqrt{1+x^2})}\right)}{\Delta x} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\Delta x + \frac{2x\Delta x + (\Delta x)^2}{\sqrt{1+(x+\Delta x)^2} + \sqrt{1+x^2}}}{1 + (x + \Delta x + \sqrt{1+(x+\Delta x)^2})(x + \sqrt{1+x^2})}\right)}{\Delta x} = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\Delta x + \frac{2x\Delta x + (\Delta x)^2}{\sqrt{1+(x+\Delta x)^2} + \sqrt{1+x^2}}}{1 + (x + \Delta x + \sqrt{1+(x+\Delta x)^2})(x + \sqrt{1+x^2})} \frac{1}{\Delta x} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 + \frac{2x + \Delta x}{\sqrt{1+(x+\Delta x)^2} + \sqrt{1+x^2}}}{1 + (x + \Delta x + \sqrt{1+(x+\Delta x)^2})(x + \sqrt{1+x^2})} = \frac{1 + \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2x + \Delta x}{\sqrt{1+(x+\Delta x)^2} + \sqrt{1+x^2}}}{1 + \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} (x + \Delta x + \sqrt{1+(x+\Delta x)^2})(x + \sqrt{1+x^2})} = \frac{1 + \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x^2}}}{1 + (x + \sqrt{1+x^2})^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$2.(4)y = \frac{x}{2}\sqrt{x^2+a^2} + \frac{a^2}{2}\ln(x + \sqrt{x^2+a^2})$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} &= \frac{\Delta\left(\frac{x}{2}\sqrt{x^2+a^2} + \frac{a^2}{2}\ln(x + \sqrt{x^2+a^2})\right)}{\Delta x} = \frac{\Delta\left(\frac{x}{2}\sqrt{x^2+a^2}\right)}{\Delta x} + \frac{\Delta\left(\frac{a^2}{2}\ln(x + \sqrt{x^2+a^2})\right)}{\Delta x} = \frac{\Delta\left(\frac{x}{2}\sqrt{x^2+a^2}\right)}{\Delta x} + \frac{a^2}{2} \frac{\Delta(\ln(x + \sqrt{x^2+a^2}))}{\Delta x} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\left(\frac{(x+\Delta x)}{2}\sqrt{(x+\Delta x)^2+a^2}\right) - \left(\frac{x}{2}\sqrt{x^2+a^2}\right)}{\Delta x} + \frac{a^2}{2} \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln\left(\frac{(x+\Delta x) + \sqrt{(x+\Delta x)^2+a^2}}{x + \sqrt{x^2+a^2}}\right) - \ln(x + \sqrt{x^2+a^2})}{\Delta x} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{\Delta x}{2}\sqrt{(x+\Delta x)^2+a^2} + \frac{x}{2}\left(\sqrt{(x+\Delta x)^2+a^2} - \sqrt{x^2+a^2}\right)}{\Delta x} + \frac{a^2}{2} \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln\left(\frac{(x+\Delta x) + \sqrt{(x+\Delta x)^2+a^2}}{x + \sqrt{x^2+a^2}}\right)}{\Delta x} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{\Delta x}{2}\sqrt{(x+\Delta x)^2+a^2} + \frac{x}{2}\frac{2x\Delta x + (\Delta x)^2}{\sqrt{(x+\Delta x)^2+a^2} + \sqrt{x^2+a^2}}}{\Delta x} + \frac{a^2}{2} \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln\left(1 + \frac{\Delta x + \sqrt{(x+\Delta x)^2+a^2} - \sqrt{x^2+a^2}}{x + \sqrt{x^2+a^2}}\right)}{\Delta x} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{(x+\Delta x)^2+a^2} + \frac{x}{2}\frac{2x + \Delta x}{\sqrt{(x+\Delta x)^2+a^2} + \sqrt{x^2+a^2}} + \frac{a^2}{2} \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{\Delta x + \sqrt{(x+\Delta x)^2+a^2} - \sqrt{x^2+a^2}}{x + \sqrt{x^2+a^2}}}{\Delta x} \\ &= \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{x^2+a^2} + \frac{x^2}{2\sqrt{x^2+a^2}} + \frac{a^2}{2} \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\Delta x + \frac{2x\Delta x + (\Delta x)^2}{\sqrt{(x+\Delta x)^2+a^2} + \sqrt{x^2+a^2}}}{\Delta x(x + \sqrt{x^2+a^2})} \\ &= \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{x^2+a^2} + \frac{x^2}{2\sqrt{x^2+a^2}} + \frac{a^2}{2} \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 + \frac{2x + \Delta x}{\sqrt{(x+\Delta x)^2+a^2} + \sqrt{x^2+a^2}}}{(x + \sqrt{x^2+a^2})} = \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{x^2+a^2} + \frac{x^2}{2\sqrt{x^2+a^2}} + \frac{a^2}{2} \frac{1 + \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2+a^2}}}{(x + \sqrt{x^2+a^2})} \\ &= \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{x^2+a^2} + \frac{x^2}{2\sqrt{x^2+a^2}} + \frac{a^2}{2} \frac{x + \sqrt{x^2+a^2}}{\sqrt{x^2+a^2}(x + \sqrt{x^2+a^2})} = \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{x^2+a^2} + \frac{x^2+a^2}{2\sqrt{x^2+a^2}} = \sqrt{x^2+a^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
2.(6) y &= \arccos \frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{x^2}{2} \arcsin \frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} \\
\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} &= \frac{\Delta \left(\arccos \frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{x^2}{2} \arcsin \frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} \right)}{\Delta x} \\
&= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\left(\arccos \frac{x+\Delta x}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{(x+\Delta x)^2}{2} \arcsin \frac{x+\Delta x}{\sqrt{2}} \right) - \left(\arccos \frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{x^2}{2} \arcsin \frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} \right)}{\Delta x} \\
&= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\left(\arccos \frac{x+\Delta x}{\sqrt{2}} - \arccos \frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} \right) + \left(\frac{(x+\Delta x)^2}{2} \arcsin \frac{x+\Delta x}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{x^2}{2} \arcsin \frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} \right)}{\Delta x} \\
&= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\arccos \frac{x+\Delta x}{\sqrt{2}} - \arccos \frac{x}{\sqrt{2}}}{\Delta x} + \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{(x+\Delta x)^2}{2} \arcsin \frac{x+\Delta x}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{x^2}{2} \arcsin \frac{x}{\sqrt{2}}}{\Delta x} \\
&= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\arcsin \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{x+\Delta x}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2} - \frac{x+\Delta x}{\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2} \right)}{\Delta x} + \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\left(x\Delta x + \frac{(\Delta x)^2}{2} \right) \arcsin \frac{x+\Delta x}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{x^2}{2} \left(\arcsin \frac{x+\Delta x}{\sqrt{2}} - \arcsin \frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} \right)}{\Delta x} \\
&= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x \left(\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{x+\Delta x}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2} - \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2} \right) - \Delta x \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2}}{\Delta x} + \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \left[\left(x + \frac{\Delta x}{2} \right) \arcsin \frac{x+\Delta x}{\sqrt{2}} \right] + \frac{1}{2} \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2 \left(\arcsin \frac{x+\Delta x}{\sqrt{2}} - \arcsin \frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} \right)}{\Delta x} \\
&= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x \frac{\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2 - \left(\frac{x+\Delta x}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2}{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{x+\Delta x}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2} + \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2}} - \Delta x \sqrt{1 - \frac{x^2}{2}}}{\Delta x} + x \arcsin \frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{x^2}{2} \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\arcsin \left(\frac{x+\Delta x}{\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2} - \frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{x+\Delta x}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2} \right)}{\Delta x} \\
&= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x \frac{2x\Delta x + (\Delta x)^2}{2} - \Delta x \sqrt{1 - \frac{x^2}{2}}}{\Delta x \left(\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{x+\Delta x}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2} + \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2} \right)} + x \arcsin \frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{x^2}{2} \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2} - \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{x+\Delta x}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2} \right) + \frac{\Delta x}{\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2}}{\Delta x} \\
&= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \left[x \frac{x + \frac{\Delta x}{2}}{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{x+\Delta x}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2} + \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2}} - \sqrt{1 - \frac{x^2}{2}} \right] + x \arcsin \frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{x^2}{2} \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{\left(\frac{x+\Delta x}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2 - \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2}{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{x+\Delta x}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2} + \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2}} + \frac{\Delta x}{\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2}}{\Delta x} \\
&= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left[\frac{x^2}{2\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2}} - \sqrt{1 - \frac{x^2}{2}} \right] + x \arcsin \frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{x^2}{2} \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{2x\Delta x + (\Delta x)^2}{2} + \frac{\Delta x}{\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2}}{\Delta x} \\
&= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left[\frac{x^2}{2\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2}} - \sqrt{1 - \frac{x^2}{2}} \right] + x \arcsin \frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{x^2}{2} \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{x + \frac{\Delta x}{2}}{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{x+\Delta x}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2} + \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{x^2}{2}} \right] \\
&= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left[\frac{x^2 - 2 \left(1 - \frac{x^2}{2} \right)}{2\sqrt{1 - \frac{x^2}{2}}} \right] + x \arcsin \frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{x^2}{2} \left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{x}{2\sqrt{1 - \frac{x^2}{2}}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1 - \frac{x^2}{2}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{x^2}{2}}} \right] \\
&= -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{x^2}{2}}} + x \arcsin \frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{x^2}{2} \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{x^2}{2\sqrt{1 - \frac{x^2}{2}}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{2 - x^2}{2\sqrt{1 - \frac{x^2}{2}}} \right] = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2 - x^2}} + x \arcsin \frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{x^2}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{2}{2\sqrt{1 - \frac{x^2}{2}}} \\
&= -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2 - x^2}} + x \arcsin \frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{x^2}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2 - x^2}} = x \arcsin \frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{x^2 - 2}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2 - x^2}} = x \arcsin \frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\sqrt{2 - x^2}}{2}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
2.(8) y &= -\frac{\cos x}{2\sin^2 x} + \ln \sqrt{\frac{1+\cos x}{\sin x}} \\
\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} &= \frac{\Delta \left(-\frac{\cos x}{2\sin^2 x} + \ln \sqrt{\frac{1+\cos x}{\sin x}} \right)}{\Delta x} \\
&= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\left(-\frac{\cos(x+\Delta x)}{2\sin^2(x+\Delta x)} + \ln \sqrt{\frac{1+\cos(x+\Delta x)}{\sin(x+\Delta x)}} \right) - \left(-\frac{\cos x}{2\sin^2 x} + \ln \sqrt{\frac{1+\cos x}{\sin x}} \right)}{\Delta x} \\
&= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{\cos x}{2\sin^2 x} - \frac{\cos(x+\Delta x)}{2\sin^2(x+\Delta x)}}{\Delta x} + \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln \sqrt{\frac{1+\cos(x+\Delta x)}{\sin(x+\Delta x)}} - \ln \sqrt{\frac{1+\cos x}{\sin x}}}{\Delta x} \\
&= \frac{1}{2} \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin^2(x+\Delta x)\cos x - \sin^2 x \cos(x+\Delta x)}{\Delta x \sin^2 x \sin^2(x+\Delta x)} + \frac{1}{2} \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln \frac{1+\cos(x+\Delta x)}{1+\cos x} \frac{\sin x}{\sin(x+\Delta x)}}{\Delta x} \\
&= \frac{1}{2} \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(\sin x \cos \Delta x + \cos x \sin \Delta x)^2 \cos x - \sin^2 x (\cos x \cos \Delta x - \sin x \sin \Delta x)}{\Delta x \sin^2 x \sin^2(x+\Delta x)} + \frac{1}{2} \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln \frac{(1+\cos x \cos \Delta x - \sin x \sin \Delta x) \sin x}{(1+\cos x)(\sin x \cos \Delta x + \cos x \sin \Delta x)}}{\Delta x} \\
&= \frac{1}{2} \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(\sin^2 x \cos^2 \Delta x + 2 \sin x \cos x \sin \Delta x \cos \Delta x + \cos^2 x \sin^2 \Delta x) \cos x - \sin^2 x (\cos x \cos \Delta x - \sin x \sin \Delta x)}{\Delta x \sin^2 x \sin^2(x+\Delta x)} \\
&= \frac{1}{2} \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(1+\cos x \cos \Delta x - \sin x \sin \Delta x) \sin x}{(1+\cos x)(\sin x \cos \Delta x + \cos x \sin \Delta x)} - 1 \\
&= \frac{1}{2} \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin^2 x \cos x \cos^2 \Delta x + 2 \sin x \cos^2 x \sin \Delta x \cos \Delta x + \cos^3 x \sin^2 \Delta x - \sin^2 x \cos x \cos \Delta x + \sin^3 x \sin \Delta x}{\Delta x \sin^2 x \sin^2(x+\Delta x)} \\
&+ \frac{1}{2} \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(1+\cos x \cos \Delta x - \sin x \sin \Delta x) \sin x - (1+\cos x)(\sin x \cos \Delta x + \cos x \sin \Delta x)}{\Delta x (1+\cos x)(\sin x \cos \Delta x + \cos x \sin \Delta x)} \\
&= \frac{1}{2} \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin^2 x \cos x \cos \Delta x (\cos \Delta x - 1) + 2 \sin x \cos^2 x \sin \Delta x \cos \Delta x + \cos^3 x \sin^2 \Delta x + \sin^3 x \sin \Delta x}{\Delta x \sin^2 x \sin^2(x+\Delta x)} \\
&+ \frac{1}{2} \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x + \sin x \cos x \cos \Delta x - \sin^2 x \sin \Delta x - \sin x \cos \Delta x - \cos x \sin \Delta x - \sin x \cos x \cos \Delta x - \cos^2 x \sin \Delta x}{\Delta x (1+\cos x)(\sin x \cos \Delta x + \cos x \sin \Delta x)} \\
&= \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sin^4 x} \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} 2 \sin x \cos^2 x \cos \Delta x + \cos^3 x \sin \Delta x + \sin^3 x + \frac{1}{2} \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x (1 - \cos \Delta x) - \sin^2 x \sin \Delta x - \cos x \sin \Delta x - \cos^2 x \sin \Delta x}{\Delta x (1+\cos x)(\sin x \cos \Delta x + \cos x \sin \Delta x)} \\
&= \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sin^4 x} \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} (2 \sin x \cos^2 x \cos \Delta x + \cos^3 x \sin \Delta x + \sin^3 x) + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{(1+\cos x) \sin x} (-\sin^2 x - \cos x - \cos^2 x) \\
&= \frac{2 \sin x \cos^2 x + \sin^3 x}{2 \sin^4 x} - \frac{1}{2 \sin x} = \frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin^3 x} = \frac{1 - \sin^2 x}{\sin^3 x} = \frac{1}{\sin^3 x} - \frac{1}{\sin x}
\end{aligned}$$

$$3.(1) dy = d\sqrt{u^2 + v^2} = \frac{d\sqrt{u^2 + v^2}}{d(u^2 + v^2)} d(u^2 + v^2) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{u^2 + v^2}} d(u^2 + v^2)$$

$$= \frac{du^2 + dv^2}{2\sqrt{u^2 + v^2}} = \frac{\frac{du^2}{du} du + \frac{dv^2}{dv} dv}{2\sqrt{u^2 + v^2}} = \frac{udu + vdv}{\sqrt{u^2 + v^2}}$$

$$3.(3) dy = d \ln \sqrt{u^2 + v^2} = \frac{d \ln \sqrt{u^2 + v^2}}{d\sqrt{u^2 + v^2}} d\sqrt{u^2 + v^2} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{u^2 + v^2}} d\sqrt{u^2 + v^2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{u^2 + v^2}} \frac{udu + vdv}{\sqrt{u^2 + v^2}} = \frac{udu + vdv}{u^2 + v^2}$$

4. proof :

$$(g \circ f)'(x_0) = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(g \circ f)(x_0 + \Delta x) - (g \circ f)(x_0)}{\Delta x}$$

$$= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(g \circ f)(x_0 + \Delta x) - (g \circ f)(x_0)}{f(x_0 + \Delta x) - f(x_0)} \frac{f(x_0 + \Delta x) - f(x_0)}{\Delta x}$$

$$= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{g(f(x_0 + \Delta x)) - g(f(x_0))}{f(x_0 + \Delta x) - f(x_0)} \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x_0 + \Delta x) - f(x_0)}{\Delta x}$$

$$= g'(f(x_0)) f'(x_0) = g'(y_0) f'(x_0)$$

6.

$$af(x_0 + \Delta x) + bf(x_0 + 2\Delta x) - f(x_0) = o(\Delta x) \text{ (when } \Delta x \rightarrow 0)$$

$$\frac{af(x_0 + \Delta x) + bf(x_0 + 2\Delta x) - f(x_0)}{\Delta x} = \frac{o(\Delta x)}{\Delta x} = 0 \text{ (when } \Delta x \rightarrow 0)$$

$$\text{(when } \Delta x \rightarrow 0) \quad 0 = \frac{af(x_0 + \Delta x) + bf(x_0 + 2\Delta x) - f(x_0)}{\Delta x}$$

$$= \frac{a(f(x_0 + \Delta x) - f(x_0)) + b(f(x_0 + 2\Delta x) - f(x_0)) - (1 - a - b)f(x_0)}{\Delta x}$$

$$= af'(x_0) + 2bf'(x_0) + (a + b - 1) \frac{f(x_0)}{\Delta x}$$

$$= (a + 2b)f'(x_0) + (a + b - 1) \frac{f(x_0)}{\Delta x}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} a + 2b = 0 \\ a + b - 1 = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} a = 2 \\ b = -1 \end{cases}$$

10. proof :

$$f_+'(0) = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{f(0 + \Delta x) - f(0)}{\Delta x} = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{f(\Delta x)}{\Delta x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{f(x)}{x} \stackrel{\text{Heine Thm}}{=} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{f(x_n)}{x_n} \left(\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} x_n = 0^+ \right)$$

$\forall \varepsilon > 0$,

$\exists N_1 \in \mathbb{N}, \text{ s.t. } \forall n > N_1$,

$$\left| \frac{f(x_n)}{x_n} - f_+'(0) \right| < \varepsilon,$$

$\exists N_2 \in \mathbb{N}, \text{ s.t. } \forall n > N_2$,

$x_n > 0$.

then for $\forall n > \max\{N_1, N_2\}$,

$$f_+'(0) - \varepsilon < \frac{f(x_n)}{x_n} < f_+'(0) + \varepsilon$$

$$\Rightarrow f_+'(0)x_n - \varepsilon x_n < f(x_n) < f_+'(0)x_n + \varepsilon x_n$$

choose $x_{ni} = \frac{i}{n^2}, i = 1, 2, \dots, n$

$\Rightarrow \forall i \in \{1, 2, \dots, n\}$,

$$f_+'(0)x_{ni} - \varepsilon x_{ni} < f(x_{ni}) < f_+'(0)x_{ni} + \varepsilon x_{ni}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{i=1}^n (f_+'(0)x_{ni} - \varepsilon x_{ni}) < \sum_{i=1}^n f(x_{ni}) < \sum_{i=1}^n (f_+'(0)x_{ni} + \varepsilon x_{ni})$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{i=1}^n \left(f_+'(0) \frac{i}{n^2} - \varepsilon \frac{i}{n^2} \right) < \sum_{i=1}^n f\left(\frac{i}{n^2}\right) < \sum_{i=1}^n \left(f_+'(0) \frac{i}{n^2} + \varepsilon \frac{i}{n^2} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow f_+'(0) \frac{n(n+1)}{2n^2} - \varepsilon \frac{n(n+1)}{2n^2} < \sum_{i=1}^n f\left(\frac{i}{n^2}\right) < f_+'(0) \frac{n(n+1)}{2n^2} + \varepsilon \frac{n(n+1)}{2n^2}$$

$$\stackrel{n \rightarrow \infty}{\Rightarrow} \frac{f_+'(0)}{2} - \frac{\varepsilon}{2} < \sum_{i=1}^n f\left(\frac{i}{n^2}\right) < \frac{f_+'(0)}{2} + \frac{\varepsilon}{2}$$

$\Rightarrow \forall \varepsilon > 0$, choose $N = \max\{N_1, N_2\}$, s.t. $\forall n > N$,

$$\left| \sum_{i=1}^n f\left(\frac{i}{n^2}\right) - \frac{f_+'(0)}{2} \right| < \frac{\varepsilon}{2}.$$

$$\Rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n f\left(\frac{i}{n^2}\right) = \frac{f_+'(0)}{2}$$

(1) let $f(x) = \sin x$, then $f'(x) = \cos x$.

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n \sin \frac{i}{n^2} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n f\left(\frac{i}{n^2}\right) = \frac{f_+'(0)}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

(2) let $f(x) = \ln(1+x)$, then $f'(x) = \frac{1}{1+x}$.

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \prod_{i=1}^n \left(1 + \frac{i}{n^2}\right) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} e^{\sum_{i=1}^n \ln\left(1 + \frac{i}{n^2}\right)} = e^{\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n \ln\left(1 + \frac{i}{n^2}\right)} = e^{\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n f\left(\frac{i}{n^2}\right)} = e^{\frac{f_+'(0)}{2}} = \sqrt{e}$$

(3) let $f(x) = \ln \cos x$, then $f'(x) = -\tan x$.

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \prod_{i=1}^n \cos \frac{i}{n^2} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} e^{\sum_{i=1}^n \ln \cos \frac{i}{n^2}} = e^{\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n \ln \cos \frac{i}{n^2}} = e^{\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n f\left(\frac{i}{n^2}\right)} = e^{\frac{f_+'(0)}{2}} = e^0 = 1$$

11.(1) $\sin 29^\circ$

$$f(x_0 + \Delta x) \approx f(x_0) + f'(x_0)\Delta x$$

choose $f(x) = \sin x$, $x_0 = 30^\circ$, $\Delta x = 1^\circ$, then $f'(x) = \cos x$

$$\sin 29^\circ = f(x_0 + \Delta x) \approx f(x_0) + f'(x_0)\Delta x = \sin 30^\circ + \cos 30^\circ \cdot 1^\circ = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cdot \frac{\pi}{180} = \frac{180 + \sqrt{3}\pi}{360}$$

11.(4) $\lg 11$

$$f(x_0 + \Delta x) \approx f(x_0) + f'(x_0)\Delta x$$

choose $f(x) = \lg x$, $x_0 = 10$, $\Delta x = 1$, then $f'(x) = \frac{1}{x \ln 10}$

$$\lg 11 = f(x_0 + \Delta x) \approx f(x_0) + f'(x_0)\Delta x = \lg 10 + \frac{1}{10 \ln 10} \cdot 1 = 1 + \frac{1}{10 \ln 10}$$